$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^3 & R^4 & R^5 \\
R^2 & R^7 \\
R^1 & N & A^1 - X
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein

 R^1 to R^7 are independently selected from H, optionally substituted C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl and C_{2-6} alkynyl, optionally substituted aryl or heteroaryl, OH, halogen, CN, OR^{12} , SR^{12} , COR^{12} , COR^{12} , SOR^{12} , SO_2R^{12} , $NR^{13}R^{14}$, $CONR^{13}R^{14}$, $SO_2NR^{13}R^{14}$, where R^{13} and R^{14} are independently selected from H and C_{1-3} alkyl and R^{12} represents C_{1-6} alkyl; two of R^1 to R^7 each may be combined to form a 3- to 6-membered ring system, which ring system may contain one or more heteroatoms; R^1 and R^2 and/or R^3 and R^4 and/or R^5 and R^6 may be replaced by an optionally substituted alkylidene group or =O; and two of R^1 to R^7 which are positioned at adjacent carbon atoms may each be replaced by a C-C bond;

 A^1 represents $(-CR^8R^9-)_n$, optionally substituted C_{3^-6} cycloalkylene or a combination of these groups, R^8 and R^9 being independently selected from H, C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, OH, OR^{12} and $NR^{13}R^{14}$ and where for n=2 R^8 and R^9 may be different in each group and two groups selected from R^8 and R^9 at adjacent C atoms may be replaced by a C-C bond, and a group -O- or -CO- may be positioned between two adjacent groups CR^8R^9 ; and wherein one of R^8 and R^9 may be combined with one of

 R^1 to R^7 to form a 5- to 7-membered ring structure; and n = 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;

X is COOM or a group which can be converted into COOM under physiological conditions, M representing H or a pharmaceutically acceptable cation;

 A^2 is $(-CR^{10}R^{11}-)_m$, where R^{10} and R^{11} are independently selected from H, C_{1-2} alkyl and halogen; where for m=2 the groups R^{10} and R^{11} may be different in each group, a group -O- or -S- may be positioned between two adjacent groups, and two groups selected from R^{10} and R^{11} at adjacent C atoms may be replaced by a C-C bond; and wherein one of R^{10} and R^{11} may be combined with one of R^{1} to R^{9} to form a 5- to 7-membered ring structure; and m is 1, 2, 3, or 4;

Z is selected from Y₃CO, Y₂C=CR¹⁵ and Y₂C=N-O, where R¹⁵ is H, C₁₋₃ alkyl or halogen and the groups Y independently are optionally substituted C₆₋₁₂ aryl or optionally substituted C₂₋₅ heteroaryl having up to three heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, and the groups Y may be linked by a covalent bond or by groups between atoms belonging to different groups Y, said groups selected from -O-, -S-, -NH-, -O-, -CH=CH-, -CH=N-, -CH₂- and -CH₂CH₂-;

as well as the individual stereoisomers of these compounds.

17. Compound according to claim 16, wherein R⁷ is hydrogen and R¹ to R⁶ are independently selected from optionally substituted C₁₋₃ alkyl, halogen, OH, CN, optionally substituted phenyl and optionally substituted heteroaryl having 5 to 10 ring members and one or two heteroatoms selected

from O, N and S, and in particular from hydrogen, C₁₋₃ alkyl and phenyl.

- 18. Compound according to claims 16, wherein all of R¹ to R⁷ represent hydrogen.
- 19. Compound according to claim 16, wherein A^1 is $(-CR^8R^9-)_n$, R^8 and R^9 being independently selected from H and C_{1-3} alkyl and being particularly hydrogen and n having a value of 0, 1 or 2, in particular of 1 or 2.
- 20. Compound according to claim 16, wherein X is COOM, with M = H, Na, K, NH₄, Ca_{0.5} or Mg_{0.5}, and preferably H or Na.
- 21. Compound according to claim 16, wherein R^{10} and R^{11} are independently selected from H and C_{1-2} alkyl, and preferably are both H, and m is 2 or 3, in particular 2.
- 22. Compound according to claim 16, wherein Z is Y_2CO and the groups Y, which preferably are the same, are phenyl which optionally is substituted with one or two substituents, the substituents being selected from C_{1-3} alkoxy, C_{1-3} alkyl, halogen, OH, NO_2 , CN and $NR^{13}R^{14}$ and R^{13} and R^{14} are defined as in claim 1.
- 23. Compound according to claim 22, wherein the phenyl radicals are mono- or disubstituted and the substituents are preferably selected from C_{1-2} alkoxy, in particular methoxy, and C_{1-2} alkyl, in particular methyl.

- 24. Compound according to claim 16, wherein Z is $Y_2C=CR^{15}$ or $Y_2C=N-O$, the groups Y being preferably the same and representing optionally substituted phenyl or optionally substituted heteroaryl having 5 or 6 ring members and one or two heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and R^{15} is H or CH₃, preferably H.
- 25. Compound according to claim 24, wherein the radicals Y carry 0, 1 or 2 substituents, the substituents being selected from C_{1-3} alkyl, C_{1-3} alkoxy, halogen, OH, NO_2 , CN and $NR^{13}R^{14}$, as defined in claim 1.
- 26. Compounds according to claim 16, wherein the substituents Y are the same and are selected from phenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl and 3-methyl-2-thienyl.
- 27. Process for the preparation of a compound of general formula (I), according to claim 16, wherein a compound of general formula (II)

wherein R^1 to R^7 , A^1 and X are as defined in claim 16 is reacted with a compound of the general formula (III):

$$D - A^2 - Z$$
 (III)

wherein A² and Z are defined as in claim 16 and D represents a group which can react with the group N-H of the compound of general formula (II) to form HD, in particular halogen.

- 28. Pharmaceutical composition, comprising at least one pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient and at least one compound of general formula (I) as defined in claim 16.
- 29. Compound according to claim 16 for use in a method for the treatment of the human or animal body.
- 30. Use of the compound according to claim 16 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of diseases which can be ameliorated or cured by an amplification of the GABAergenic neurotransmission.---

Should there be any questions, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned at the below-listed telephone number.

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